Chondrogenic Differentiation of hMSCs on PCL Nanofibers

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Background Human Mesenchymal Stem cells (hMSCs) can differentiate into many cell lineages Chondrogenesis -- cartilage repair therapy Electrospun PCL nanofibrous scaffolds are biodegradable & mimic extracellular matrix

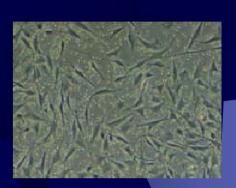


Figure 1. hMSCs in culture

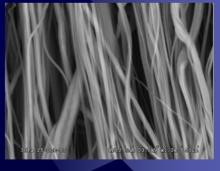
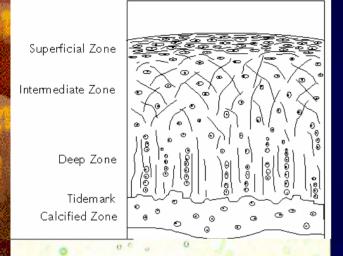
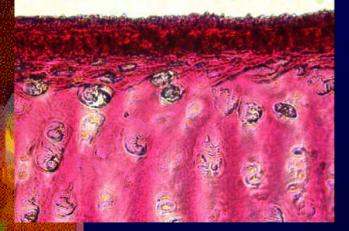


Figure 2. Oriented nanofibers

Goals



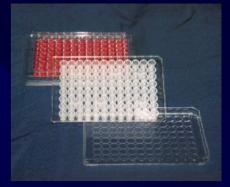


Mimic thin superficial layer of articular (joint cartilage)
Attach & Differentiate hMSCs into cartilage cells on polymer nanofiber scaffolds
Observe cell morphology &

 Observe cell morphology & differentiation based on physical cues

Figure 3. Articular cartilage 8/3/2006

Project Design

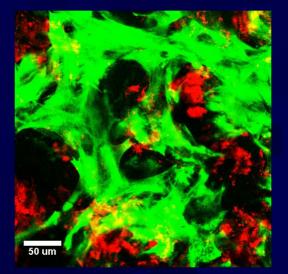


Seed hMSCs on nanofibrous scaffolds Cultured with chondrogenic media in 96-well plates (control with growth media) Monitor cell proliferation & differentiation: Fluorescence imaging Total DNA count Sulfated Glycosaminoglycan (sGAG)

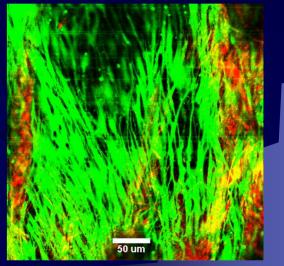
Cell Morphology

50 um

Chondrogenic cells on nanofiber scaffold



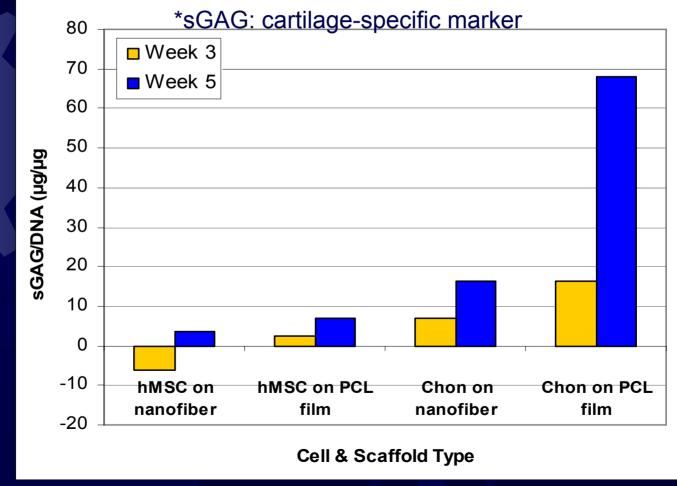
Chondrogenic cells on PCL film scaffold



Mes. stem cells on nanofiber scaffold

Tracking Differentiation

Amount of sGAG* detected per µg of DNA



8/3/2006

Conclusions

- Cells on nanofibers proliferate in an oriented manner
- Chondrogenic media and fiber alignment induce chondrogenesis
 - By 5th week, chondrogenic cells produced high amounts of sGAG

 Oblong chondrogenic cell shape resembles superficial layer of articular cartilage

Future Directions

hMSCs cultured on nanofibers as an alternative source of cartilage cells Advantage: "renewable" Incorporate cartilage-inducing factors within nanofibers Chemicals & proteins contained within fibers may mimic ECM better than mere suspension

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Thank You!