

Vacuum Insulation Panels (VIP)

Varun Sood

Advisor: Dr. Alan Feinerman

What are VIPs?

- **Insulating Structures**
- **Resistant to Thermal Conduction**
- **Relatively Thin with high R-value**
- **Useful Application: Window Panels**

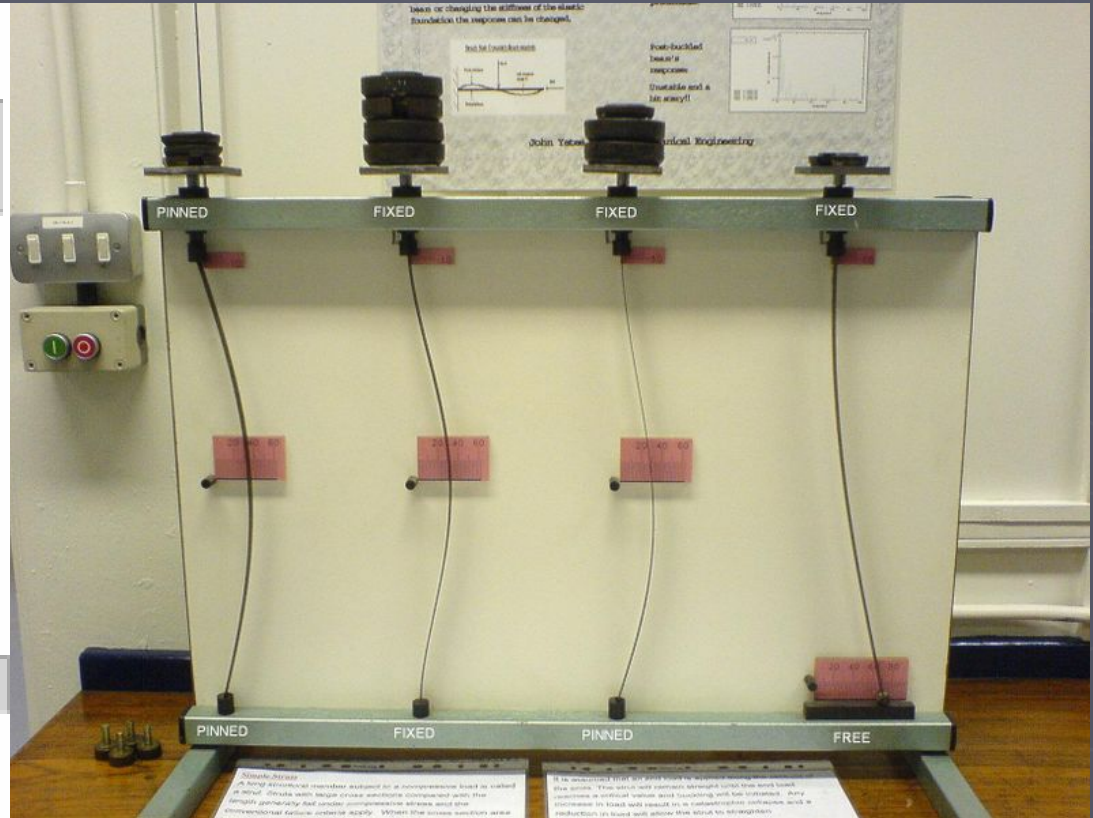
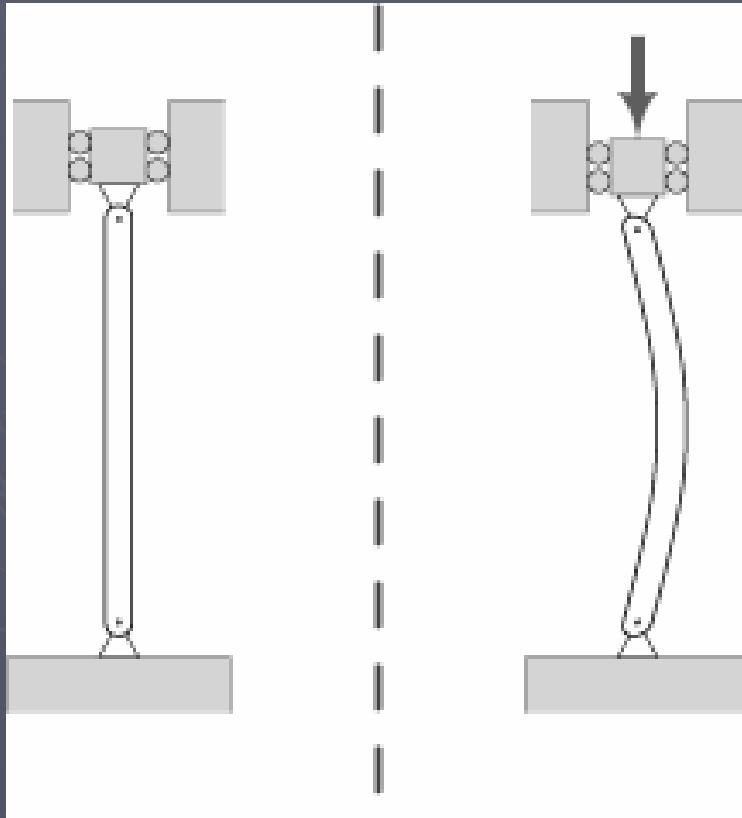
Heat Transfer

- The main goal is to prevent heat transfer through the panel
- Temperature and Heat Flow
- Related to Kinetic Energy
- 3 main categories: Conduction, Convection and Radiation

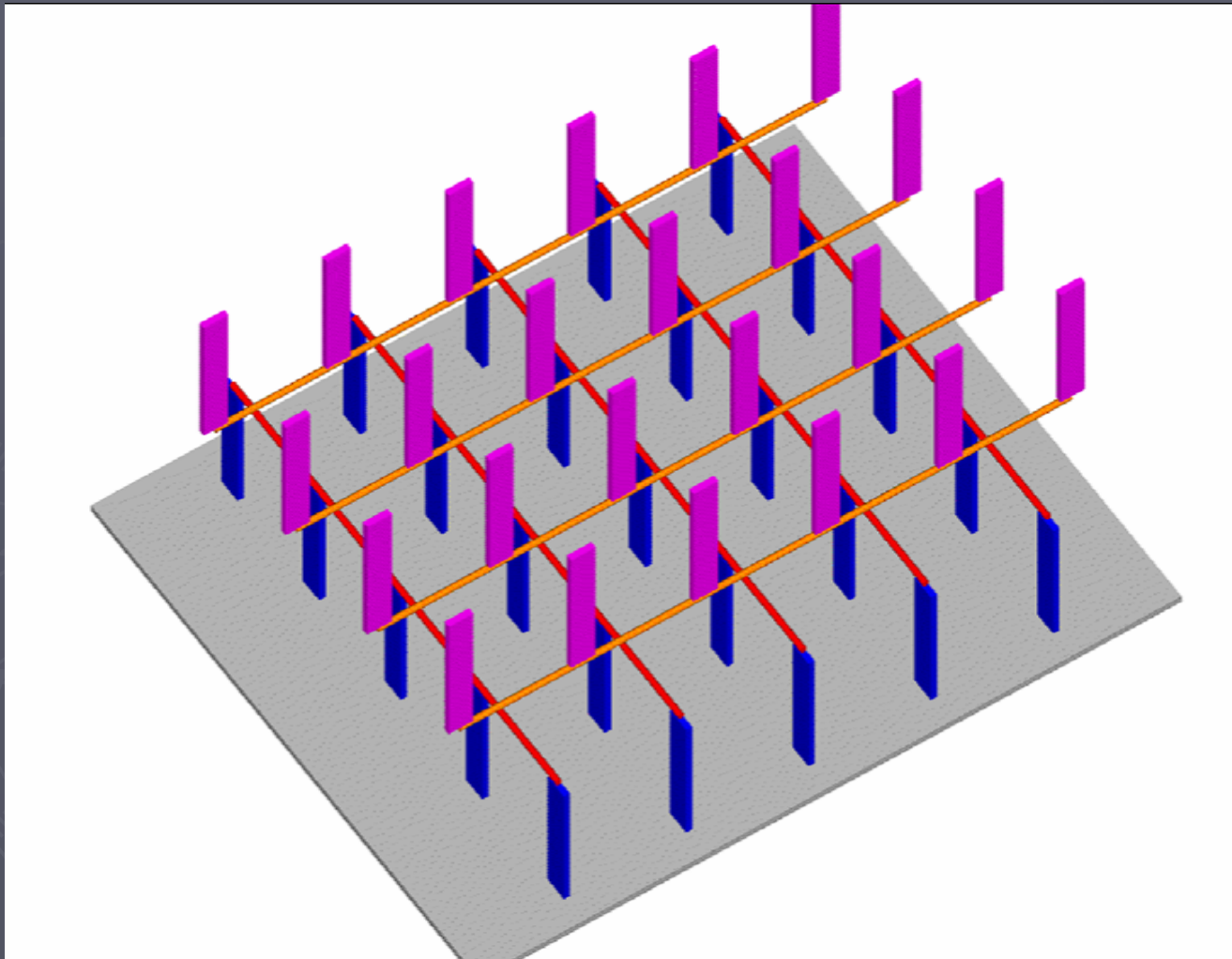
Current Technology

- **Evacuated Glazing**
- **Layers of glass with vertical support**
- **Evacuate space and fill it with Argon**
- **Use stainless steel to seal the panel**

Compression causes Buckling



New Plan

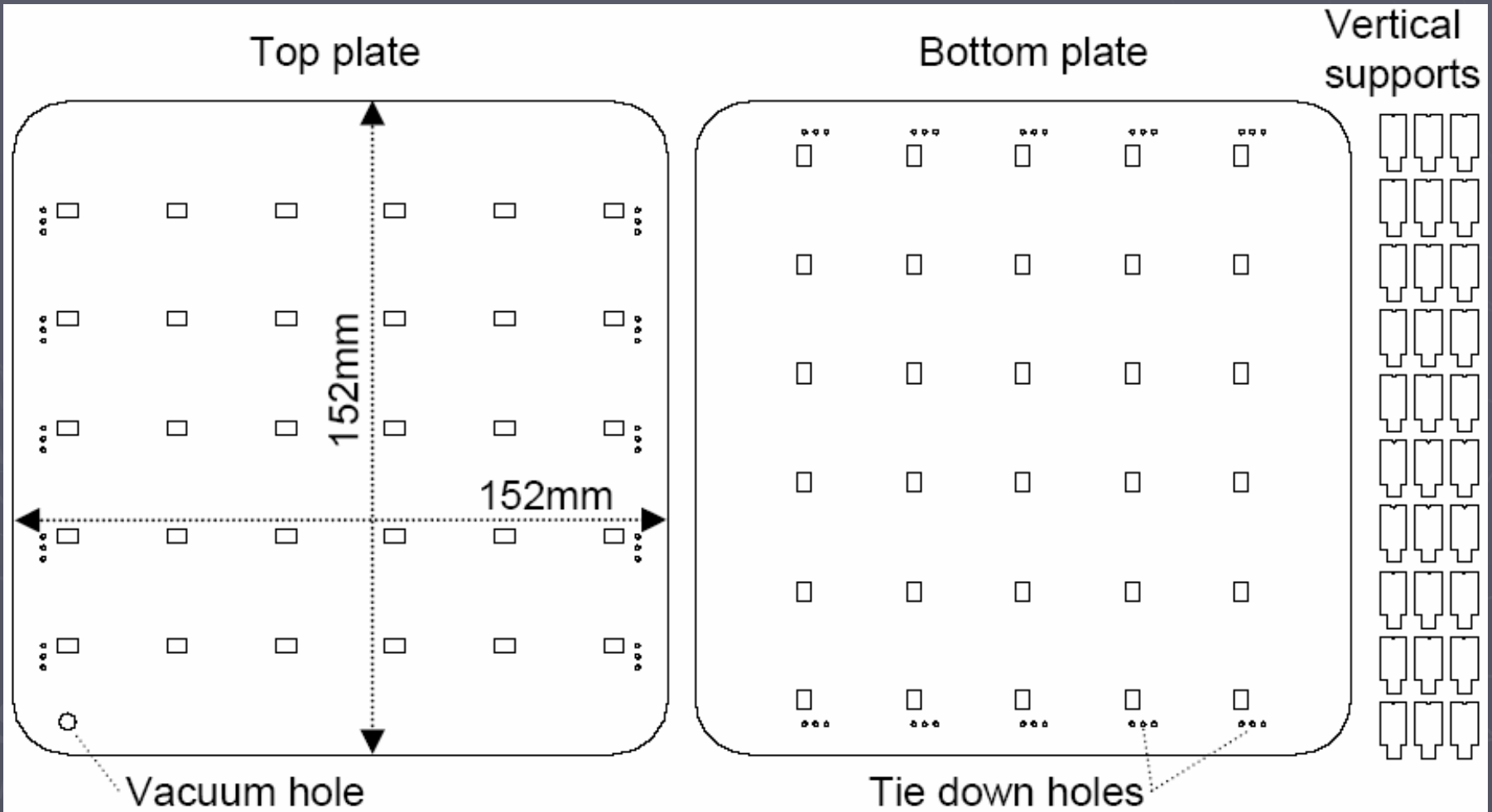


Thermal Conductivity

- $k_{kev} = 0.04 \text{ W/m}^*K$
- $k_{ss} = 16 \text{ W/m}^*K$
- $k_{air} = 0.024 \text{ W/m}^*k$
- $k_{Ar} = 0.017 \text{ W/m}^*K$



Design



Cutting

- CO₂ Laser
- Acrylic
- Computer Operated



Finished Model



Testing

- Model was placed in a zip-lock bag
- The bag was sealed using double wire heat press
- Vacuum Pump was attached
- After observation, changes were made accordingly

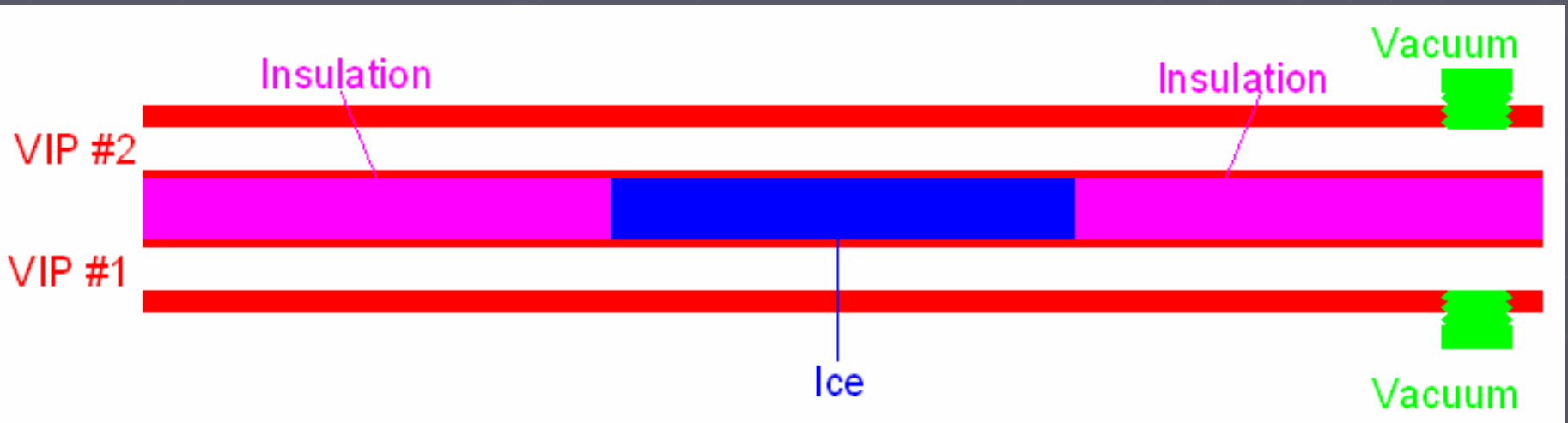
Results

- Kevlar thread does not break and is able to keep the two panels apart
- The pillars never touch the surface
- The zip-lock bag keeps getting sucked in the space between the two panels

Build a Wall

- The bag ripped causing the wall and pillars to break
- A second model with pillar support and thicker wall also failed the testing
- The third model is currently being built

Future Work



Acknowledgements

- National Science Foundation and DoD ASSURE Program specifically the NSF EEC 0453432 grant
- Dr. Alan Feinerman and Tatjana Dankovic
- Dr. Christos Takoudis